





















The Big Issues

- 1. Who qualifies for leave.
- 2. What conditions qualify for leave.
- 3. What kinds of leave are available.
- 4. Communications with employees.

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The Big Issues

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- 5. Communications with employee's healthcare providers.
- 6. Counting absences under an attendance policy.

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7. Return to work issues.

Eligibility For Leave

- Employee must have a total of <u>12 months</u> of service – not continuous
- Employee must have <u>worked 1,250 hours</u> in the past 12 months
 - "Hours" means hours actually worked



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Eligibility For Leave

- Look back 7 years for 12-month rule
 - Longer if break is due to military duty
- Employee can become eligible for FMLA leave while on non-FMLA leave (Very important during first year of employment)

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Amount Of Leave

- 12 work weeks of FMLA leave are available in the employer's designated 12-month period (rolling/fiscal/calendar year).
- 26 work weeks for servicemember leave.

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Types Of Leave

- 1. Extended uninterrupted period (surgery, for example)
- Intermittent (epilepsy, migraines, for example)
 Not for Parenting

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Reduced schedule (able to work only 4 hours/day, for example)
 Not for Parenting



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Employee Medical Leave

• Employee must have a serious health condition that renders the employee unable to perform the job functions.



Caring For A Family Member

- Employee may take time off to
 - care for a **child**, **spouse**, or **parent** with a serious health condition.



"Child" Defined Broadly

 Biological, adopted or foster children, stepchildren, or legal wards where an employee is responsible for the child, who is under 18 years old.



2. An individual 18 years or older may qualify as a child only if he or she is incapable of care because of a mental/physical disability (defined under the ADA).



"Spouse" Defined Narrowly

- Spouse is a legally-wedded husband or wife under state law.
- Does not include domestic partners, live-ins, etc.

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Parent" Defined
Parent
Includes a biological parent or an adult who was responsible for the employee when the employee was a child
Does not include in-laws
Does not typically include grandparents



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Servicemember Leave

- Eligible: Service member's spouse, child, parent, or nearest blood relative
- "Covered Servicemember":
- Member of regular Armed forces, Guard, or Reserves undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy, otherwise in outpatient status, or on the temporary disability retired list for a serious illness or injury; or

Servicemember Leave

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2. Effective March 8, 2013, a veteran undergoing medical treatment, recuperation, or therapy for a serious injury/illness if the veteran was released or discharged, other than dishonorably, at any time during the 5year period before the first date an eligible employee takes military caregiver leave.

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Exigent Leave

parent.

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Expanded Scope Of Exigency Leave

- Effective March 8, 2013
 - 1. Added parental care to arrange for care for a military member's parent when necessitated by the member's covered active duty (may include limited actual parental care).
- 2. Enlarged the amount of leave for rest and recuperation with the military member from 5 days to 15 days

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and a state

Expanded Scope Of Exigency Leave

3. Expanded the list of information required for certification for leave to include a copy of the military member's rest and recuperation leave orders or other military documentation establishing dates of the military member's leave.

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Notices

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1. Within 5 business days of leave request, notify the employee of initial eligibility and substitution of paid time (eligible to extent request is supported by appropriate medical documentation).





- 2. At first knowledge of potential serious health condition, give the employee the appropriate paperwork.
 - Always give the paperwork
 - Document you gave it and when
- 3. Within 15 days employee should provide medical information (follow up if not in).

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Notices

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- 4. Within 5 business days of receipt of documentation, make a decision and give notice of the designation in writing.
- 5. At expiration of time, follow up with status of employee (consider other leave options if available).

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Return To Work

- Upon return to work from FMLA leave,
 - Typically restore employee to the same job unless
 1. Job no longer exists
 - 2. Key employee exception (rarely used)

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Fitness For Duty Certification

- May require Fitness for Duty Certification.
 Must uniformly impose requirement and
- must be job-related.
- 3. Must notify employee of specific certification requirements at outset (in designation notice).

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Understanding Work Restrictions

- 1. Insist on clear, specific work restrictions. If necessary, ask the physician for greater detail.
- 2. Compare the specific work restrictions to the essential job functions.



3. If the employee cannot do the job, consider FMLA and ADA issues.

Light Duty

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 Cannot force employee with available FMLA time to take a light duty position in lieu of FMLA.

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2. However refusal to accept light duty will jeopardize continuation of worker's compensation payments.

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Resist the temptation to first consider whether you can offer a reasonable accommodation. Don't determine whether you can provide a reasonable accommodation unless the employee is a qualified individual with a disability. Consider continued FMLA Leave



Action Steps To Reduce Risk

- Have FMLA; Extended Medical Leave (For After FMLA Exhausted); Medical Leave For Non-FMLA Eligible Employees (Less Than 1 Year's Service Or Part-Time Employees Under 1250 Hours); and Personal Leave Policies
 Enforce policies fairly/consistently
 Supervisors MUST notify HR or whoever
- handles FMLA of a possible FMLA issue

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